Instructor: Dr. Ann Bullion-Mears; Carr 114; (325) 942-2052, ext. 254; e-mail ann.bullion-mears@angelo.edu

Office Hours: MWF 10-12; MW 2:30-3:30; TR 10-11, 1:30-2:30; R 5-6; and by appointment


My Beliefs about Learning: Learning is an active, personal process, carried out in collaboration with others. Learners must take risks and support others in their learning explorations. Learning occurs when students make connections to their previous experiences. Choice allows students to connect to their personal experiences and to feel ownership in the learning process. Learning is reflective as well as active. In the classroom environment, everyone—including the teacher—is a learner.

Course Description: A study of the integrated language arts process in the elementary classroom. Focus on effective teaching of the language arts modes of listening, speaking, reading, writing, viewing and representing.

Course Objectives: Through class discussion, group and individual activities, written and oral projects, and tests, candidates will:

1. Develop factual knowledge and learn underlying fundamental theories of the language arts processes of listening, speaking, writing, viewing, and representing.

2. Develop factual knowledge and learn underlying theories of how oral language develops and how it underpins the other language arts and the course of second language learning.

3. Develop creative capacity and skill in expressing oneself in writing.
4. Demonstrate effective use of technological resources to research, design, illustrate, and publish a digital children’s storybook.

5. Participate in a variety of listening, speaking, reading, writing, viewing, and representing activities to stimulate professional competence.

**TExES Competencies Met by RDG 3336:**

*Standard I. Oral Language:* Teachers of young students understand the importance of oral language, know the developmental processes of oral language, and provide a variety of instructional opportunities for young students to develop listening and speaking skills.

The beginning teacher knows and understands:

1k basic linguistic concepts (e.g., phonemes, segmentation) and developmental stages in acquiring oral language, including stages in phonology, semantics, syntax, and pragmatics, recognizing that individual variations occur;

2k how to build on students’ cultural, linguistic, and home backgrounds to enhance their oral language development;

3k the relationship between the development of oral language and the development of reading;

4k skills for speaking to different audiences for various purposes;

5k active, purposeful listening in a variety of contexts;

6k the use of critical listening to analyze and evaluate a speaker’s message;

7k listening skills for enjoying and appreciating spoken language;

The beginning teacher is able to:

1s acknowledge students’ current oral language skills and build on these skills to increase students’ oral language proficiency through specific language instruction using such activities as meaningful and purposeful conversations, dramatic play, songs, rhymes, stories, games, language play, discussions, questioning, and sharing information;

2s strengthen vocabulary and narrative skills in spoken language by reading aloud to students and teaching them to recognize the connections between spoken and printed language;

3s provide direct and indirect instruction, including modeling and reading aloud, in “classroom” English (e.g., language structures and pronunciations commonly associated with written English) and support students’ learning and use of classroom English through meaningful and purposeful oral language activities;

4s select and use instructional materials and strategies that promote students’ language development, respond to students’ individual strengths, needs, and interests, and reflect cultural diversity;

9s provide opportunities for students to engage in active purposeful listening;

*Standard VIII. Development of Written Communication:* Teachers understand that writing to communicate is a developmental process and provide instruction that helps young students develop competence in written communication.

The beginning teacher knows and understands:

1k predictable stages in the development of written language and writing conventions, including the physical and cognitive processes involved in letter formation, word writing, sentence construction, spelling, punctuation, and grammatical expression, while recognizing that individual variations occur;

2k writing processes, including the use of self-assessment in writing;

3k writing for a variety of audiences, purposes, and settings;

4k the differences between first draft writing and writing for publication;

5k appropriate instructional strategies and sequences for developing students’ writing skills;

6k the development of writing in relation to listening, speaking, and reading, and know instructional strategies that connect these various aspects of language;

7k the similarities and differences between language (e.g., syntax and vocabulary) used in spoken and written English and how to help students recognize these similarities and differences to promote effective use of written English conventions;
8k the benefits of technology for teaching writing and writing for publication; and

The beginning teacher is able to:
1s create an environment in which students are motivated to express ideas in writing;
2s teach purposeful, meaningful writing in connection with listening, speaking, and reading;
3s formally and informally monitor students’ writing development and provide focused instruction to address students’ individual strengths, needs, and interests;
4s provide instruction in various stages of writing, including prewriting, drafting, editing, and revising;
5s provide instruction in the use of available technology that facilitates written communication;
6s provide opportunities for students to write in a variety of forms and modes and for various purposes and audiences;
7s provide opportunities for students to self-assess both personal writings (e.g., for clarity, comprehensiveness, and interest to audience) and development as a writer and to elicit critiques from others;
8s communicate with families about students’ development of written communication and ways to encourage students' written communication;
9s communicate with other professionals and continually seek implications for practice from current research about students’ development of written communication; and
10s provide opportunities for students to conference with peers and the teacher.

Standard IX. Writing Conventions: Teachers understand how young students use writing conventions and how to help students develop those conventions.
The beginning teacher knows and understands:
1k that young students go through predictable stages in acquiring writing conventions, including the physical and cognitive processes involved in letter formation, word writing, sentence construction, spelling, punctuation, and grammatical expression, but that individual students vary in development of these conventions;
2k the relationship between spelling and phonological, graphophonemic knowledge, alphabetic awareness, and the importance of this relationship for later success in reading and writing;
3k the stages of spelling development (prephonetic, phonetic, transitional, and conventional) and how and when to support students' development from one stage to the next;
4k the similarities and differences between language (e.g., syntax and vocabulary) used in spoken and written English and how to help students recognize these similarities and differences to promote effective use of written English conventions;
5k formal and informal ways to assess young students’ development of writing conventions;
6k the importance of spelling and graphophonemic knowledge for success in reading and writing; and
7k the appropriate use of writing conventions and appropriate grammar and usage for communicating clearly and effectively in writing.
The beginning teacher is able to:
1s formally and informally assess young students' development of writing conventions and provide focused instruction based on individual students’ strengths, needs, and interests;
2s provide hands-on activities to help young students develop the fine motor skills necessary for writing;
3s teach pencil grip, paper position, and beginning stroke;
4s provide direct instruction and guided practice in English writing conventions (e.g., grammar, spelling, capitalization, and punctuation);
5s provide systematic spelling instruction in common spelling patterns based on phonics skills already taught and provide opportunities for student to use and develop spelling skills in the context of meaningful written expression (e.g., applying decoding skills as one strategy to help proofread spelling during the editing process);
6s work with students to select pieces of their work to teach writing conventions, recognizing that first drafts are not always edited and revised, but help students realize that accuracy in conventions is necessary when preparing a piece for publication;
7s communicate students’ performance in the use of writing conventions to families and discuss ways to encourage students’ use of writing conventions; and
8s communicate with other professionals and seek implications for practice from ongoing
research about student’s development of writing conventions.

**Standard XII.** Viewing and Representing: Teachers understand how to interpret, analyze, evaluate, and produce.

The beginning teacher knows and understands:
1k characteristics and functions of different types of media (e.g., film, and print);
2k how different types of media influence and inform;
3k procedures and criteria for analyzing and evaluating visual images, messages, and meanings;
4k procedures for producing visual images, messages, and meanings to communicate with others;
5k instructional practices that promote students’ ability to interpret, analyze, evaluate, and produce visual images, messages, and meanings;
6k grade-level expectations and procedures for assessing students’ skills in interpreting, analyzing, evaluating, and producing visual images, messages, and meanings;
7k how to distinguish between denotative and connotative meanings; and
8k word origins and the understanding of historical influences on English wording meanings.

The beginning teacher is able to:
1s use ongoing assessment and knowledge of grade-level expectations to plan instruction and to identify students’ needs regarding the interpretation, analysis, evaluation, and production of visual images, messages, and meanings;
2s compare and contrast print, visual, and electronic media (e.g., films and written stories);
3s evaluate how visual image makers (e.g., illustrators, documentary filmmakers, political cartoonists, and news photographers) represent meanings and provide students with varied opportunities to analyze and interpret visual images;
4s teach students to analyze visual image makers’ choices (e.g., related to style, elements, and medium) and evaluate how these choices help to represent or extend meaning;
5s use various instructional techniques to help students understand and distinguish between denotative and connotative meanings;
6s provide students with opportunities to interpret events and ideas based on information from maps, charts, graphics, video segments, and technology presentations, and to use media to compare ideas and points of view;
7s teach students how to select, organize, and produce visuals to complement and extend meanings;
8s provide students with opportunities to use technology to produce various types of communications (e.g., class newspapers, multimedia reports, and video reports) and help student assess how language, medium, and presentation contribute to the message;
9s communicate with families/caregivers about students’ progress in developing skills for interpreting, analyzing, evaluating, and producing visual images, messages, and meanings and collaborate with them to promote development in these areas; and
10s collaborate with other professionals and continually seek implications for practice from convergent research about students’ development of skills for interpreting, analyzing, evaluating, and producing visual images, messages, and meanings.

**Course Requirements:**

1. **Attendance and Preparation Policies**

   Attendance at, preparation for, and participation in each class are mandatory. Course content is presented through demonstration and practice with frequent candidate debriefing. Homework assignments are designed to require a minimum of two hours outside of class for each class hour.

   Candidates will not be penalized for three absences when assignments have not been missed; however, **three grade points will be docked from final class averages for every absence beyond three.** Candidate attendance is of key importance since much learning comes from interaction with peers.
Exams should be taken and projects and assignments should be turned in on the due date. Assignments are due at the beginning of class. Late work is accepted but is automatically penalized 10%. All late work must be submitted within two weeks of the original due date. Assignments (but not exams) may be resubmitted when a score of below 70% is received. No late or resubmitted work will be accepted after the last regular class day (Thursday, May 6). The highest grade given for late and resubmitted work is 90%.

2. Writer’s Notebook - 50 pts
Each candidate is expected to keep a Writer’s Notebook in a spiral notebook or a binder. This notebook will contain the following sections: Writings, Writer’s Eye (l), Gems and Pearls, and Editor’s Checklist. The first page of the Writings section will be a Writing Log that identifies the assigned pieces of writing on which the student is expected to work. Students should expect a notebook writing assignment every night. Due: May 6

3. Group ABC Book - 40 pts
Candidates will be divided into 3-5 equal groups. Each group will decide on an expository topic related to the language arts to research. The research will be shared and each student will be responsible for 2-3 letters of the alphabet, including illustrations. These pages will then be ordered and bound into a group ABC Book. Due: Apr 6

4. Digital Children’s Book - 85 pts
Each candidate will write the text and import the illustrations for an original digital children’s book at least 18 slides in length. This book must be written on a significant children’s issue. It may be in any genre for use with any grade level K-8. The illustrations may be created (drawn, painted, photographed, or collaged) by the author and then scanned into the digital book. Or the author may choose to use computer-generated graphics or clip art. Illustrations must be developed or located by the author and should match and enhance the text of the book. Authors may use sound and animation, but these aspects are not required. Due: Apr 29

5. Exams - 250 pts
Four exams are planned during the semester. Three of these exams will be worth 50 points each and will cover new material. These exams will take multiple formats, including multiple choice, matching, fill in the blank, listing, identification, application, and short essay. The final exam will have a comprehensive, multiple-choice format and is worth 100 points. Exam 1, Feb 11; Exam 2, Mar 11; Exam 3, Apr 15; Final Exam, May 11, 10:30-12:30

6. Spelling Tests - 100 pts
Candidates are expected to demonstrate mastery of the instructor’s list of 100 frequently misspelled words with 90% accuracy. The five in-class spelling tests
will consist of 20 randomly selected words from the required list. Students who fail to meet the required 90% mastery will meet with the instructor outside of class time to retest on missed words. **Tests: Mar 4, 9, 23, 25, 30**

7. Handwriting Tests - Pass/Fail
Candidates must pass manuscript and cursive handwriting tests in the D’Nealian and Zaner-Bloser handwriting styles. Each type will be tested once in class. Retesting, when needed, must be done outside of class through an arrangement with the professor. **D’Nealian Manuscript, Feb 2; D’Nealian Cursive, Feb 16; D’Nealian Make-Up, Mar 2; Zaner-Bloser Manuscript, Apr 13; Zaner-Bloser Cursive, Apr 27; Zaner-Bloser Make-Up, May 4; D’N & Z-B Make-Up, May 6**

**Grading Scale:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total points</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>525</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>90-100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>473 - 525</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>80-89%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>420 - 472</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>70-79%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>368 - 419</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>60-69%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>315 - 367</td>
<td></td>
<td>59-69%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>314 - 0</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>59-0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The instructor reserves the right to alter course requirements to better meet the learning needs and maturity levels of the candidates.

**Persons Seeking Accommodations:** Persons with disabilities which may warrant academic accommodations must contact the Student Life Office, Room 112 University Center, in order to request such accommodations prior to any accommodations being implemented. Students are encouraged to make this request early in the semester so that appropriate arrangements can be made.

**Academic Honesty:** Angelo State University expects its students to maintain complete honesty and integrity in their academic pursuits. Students are responsible for understanding the Academic Honor Code, which is contained in both print and web versions of the Student Handbook.

Disciplinary actions concerning academic honesty will follow the ASU Student Handbook Section 5.3 on Academic Honesty. Especially note Section 5.312 regarding plagiarism.

**College of Education Electronic Communication Devices Policy:** Cell phones and other electronic communication devices are to be turned off during class time.

**All e-mail communications will take place through ASU e-mail accounts. Please check your ASU e-mail on a regular basis, such as daily.**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Assignment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CM 1 Jan 19</td>
<td><strong>Class Introduction</strong>&lt;br&gt;Defining the Language Arts</td>
<td>Read Ch. 1, pp. 1-9&lt;br&gt;My Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 2 Jan 21</td>
<td><strong>Handwriting</strong>&lt;br&gt;Writer’s Notebook</td>
<td>Read Ch. 12, pp. 388-392&lt;br&gt;Practice D’N Manuscript</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 3 Jan 26</td>
<td><strong>Theoretical Perspectives</strong>&lt;br&gt;Narrative Writing</td>
<td>Read Ch. 1, pp. 9-15&lt;br&gt;Ch. 9, pp. 261-273&lt;br&gt;Read Narratives&lt;br&gt;A Day in the Life of . . .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 4 Jan 28</td>
<td><strong>Emergent Literacy</strong>&lt;br&gt;Language Acquisition&lt;br&gt;Functions of Language</td>
<td>Read Ch. 4, pp. 94-100&lt;br&gt;Eavesdropping Assignment&lt;br&gt;Study for D’N Manuscript Test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 5 Feb 2</td>
<td><strong>D’Nealian Manuscript Test</strong>&lt;br&gt;Language Acquisition&lt;br&gt;Cambourne’s Conditions</td>
<td>Read Ch. 4, pp. 100-105&lt;br&gt;Narrative Essay&lt;br&gt;Practice D’N Cursive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 6 Feb 4</td>
<td><strong>Listening &amp; Speaking</strong></td>
<td>Ch. 6, pp. 157-168</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 7 Feb 9</td>
<td><strong>Listening &amp; Speaking</strong>&lt;br&gt;Review for Exam 1</td>
<td>Read Ch. 6, pp. 168-186&lt;br&gt;Study for Ex 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 8 Feb 11</td>
<td><strong>Exam 1</strong></td>
<td>Study for D’N Cursive Test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 9 Feb 16</td>
<td><strong>D’Nealian Cursive Test</strong>&lt;br&gt;Second Language Acquisition&lt;br&gt;Poetry Writing</td>
<td>Read Ch. 3, pp. 69-75&lt;br&gt;Ch. 9, pp. 273-279&lt;br&gt;Read Poetry&lt;br&gt;Haiku, Cinquain, Diamante</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 10 Feb 18</td>
<td><strong>Second Language Acquisition</strong>&lt;br&gt;Poetry Writing</td>
<td>Read Ch. 3, pp. 76-80&lt;br&gt;Ch. 9, pp. 279-280&lt;br&gt;Rhyming Poetry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 11 Feb 23</td>
<td><strong>History of the English Language</strong>&lt;br&gt;The Beginnings of Writing&lt;br&gt;Poetry Writing</td>
<td>Read Ch. 4, pp. 110-117&lt;br&gt;Acrostic, Concrete, Free Verse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 12 Feb 25</td>
<td><strong>Invented Spelling</strong>&lt;br&gt;Spelling Instruction</td>
<td>Read Ch. 12, pp. 363-376&lt;br&gt;Assign Spelling Words&lt;br&gt;Study for D’N Make-Up Tests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 13 Mar 2</td>
<td><strong>D’Nealian Make-Up Test(s)</strong>&lt;br&gt;Spelling Assessment</td>
<td>Index of Control Handout&lt;br&gt;Study for Spelling Test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM 14 Mar 4</td>
<td><strong>Spelling Test 1</strong>&lt;br&gt;Writing Process&lt;br&gt;Types of Writing Instruction</td>
<td>Read Ch. 8, pp. 227-234&lt;br&gt;Ch. 5, pp. 144-148, 149-150&lt;br&gt;Learning to Write&lt;br&gt;Study for Spelling Test</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| CM 15 | Mar 9 | **Spelling Test 2**  
| Writing Traits  
| Review for Exam 2 | Read Ch. 8, pp. 237-240  
| Study for Ex 2 |
| CM 16 | Mar 11 | **Exam 2** | Study for Spelling Test |
| Mar 15-19 | **Spring Break** |
| CM 17 | Mar 23 | **Spelling Test 3**  
| Writing Workshop  
| Expository Writing  
| Group ABC Book Assignment | Read Ch. 8, pp. 244-255; Ch. 10, pp. 291-294, 298-305  
| Read Expository Books, ABC Books  
| Study for Spelling Test |
| CM 18 | Mar 25 | **Spelling Test 4**  
| Minilessons & Conferences  
| Expository Text Patterns  
| Group ABC Book | Read Ch. 10, pp. 294-298  
| Writing the Text Patterns  
| Group ABC Books  
| Study for Spelling Test |
| CM 19 | Mar 30 | **Spelling Test 5**  
| Expository Text  
| Group ABC Book | Read Ch. 10, pp. 306-319 |
| CM 20 | Apr 1 | Intro. Zaner-Bloser Manuscript  
| Group ABC Book | Practice Z-B Manuscript  
| Group ABC Books |
| Apr 2 | **Holiday** |
| Apr 5 | **Last Day to Withdraw** |
| CM 21 | Apr 6 | **Due: Group ABC Book**  
| Author’s Celebration | Read stories about children’s issues |
| CM 22 | Apr 8 | Viewing/Visual Literacy  
| Digital Book Assignment  
| Pre-Writing | Read Ch. 11, pp. 322-334  
| Study for Z-B Manuscript Test |
| CM 23 | Apr 13 | **Zaner-Bloser Manuscript Test**  
| Visual Representation & Writing  
| Prewriting/Drafting Digital Bk | Read Ch. 11, pp. 334-343  
| Study for Exam 3  
| Practice Z-B Cursive |
| CM 24 | Apr 15 | **Exam 3**  
| Digital Book Worksession | First Draft Digital Book |
| CM 25 | Apr 20 | Art as Response  
| Revise Digital Book | Read Ch. 11, pp. 343-351 |
| CM 26 | Apr 22 | Viewing Other Texts  
| Digital Book | Ch. 11, pp. 352-358  
| Second Draft Digital Books  
| Study for Z-B Cursive Test |
| CM 27 | Apr 27 | **Zaner-Bloser Cursive Test**  
| Edit Digital Books | Publish Digital Book |
| CM 28 | Apr 29 | **Due: Digital Book**  
| Author Celebration | Study for Z-B Make-Up Tests |
| CM 29 | May 4 | **Zaner-Bloser Make-Up Tests**  
| Language Arts & Technology | Ch. 13, pp. 397-413  
<p>| Study for D’N &amp; Z-B Make-Ups |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CM 30</th>
<th>Due: Writer’s Notebook</th>
<th>Read Ch. 13, pp. 413-431</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>May 6</td>
<td>D’N &amp; Z-B Make-Up Tests</td>
<td>Study for Final Exam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Language Arts &amp; Technology Review for Final Exam</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| May 11  | Final Exam             | Enjoy your holiday!!             |
| 10:30-12:30 |                      |                                   |

Please read, sign, and return the permission slip below if you agree to the use of your work.

I, ______________________________________, give Dr. Ann Bullion-Mears permission to use my work developed in RDG 3336 during Spring, 2010 in research articles and presentations and as examples in class to help other students perform assignments. I understand that when my work is used as an in-class example that my name will be deleted; however, if the work is used in a professional presentation or article, my name will be displayed and I will receive full credit for my creative efforts.

Signature ______________________ Date ________________