Dr. Joseph C. Rallo  
President  
Angelo State University  
2601 West Avenue N  
San Angelo, TX 76909-1007

Dear Dr. Rallo:

The following action regarding your institution was taken at the June 2010 meeting of the Board of Trustees of SACS Commission on Colleges:

The Commission on Colleges reviewed the institution's Referral Report from the evaluation of the institution's Fifth-Year Interim Report. The institution is requested to submit a First Monitoring Report due April 15, 2011, addressing the following referenced standard of the Principles:

CS 3.3.1.1 (Institutional Effectiveness: Educational Programs)

In its Fifth-Year Referral Report, the institution had not yet implemented its redesigned system for ensuring the institutional effectiveness of educational programs, including student learning outcomes. Consequently, the institution did not provide sufficient evidence to demonstrate that it identifies expected outcomes for its educational programs, especially at the graduate level.

The institution is asked to demonstrate that the redesigned institutional effectiveness system is fully operational at the graduate, undergraduate, and general education levels. The monitoring report should also show that outcomes, including student learning outcomes, have been identified and assessed for each program and improvements reviewed based upon these assessments.

Guidelines for the additional report are enclosed. Because it is essential that institutions follow these guidelines, please make certain that those responsible for preparing the report receive the document. If there are any questions about the format, contact the Commission staff member assigned to your institution. When submitting your report, please send four copies to your Commission staff member.

Please note that Federal regulations and Commission policy stipulate that an institution must demonstrate compliance with all requirements and standards of the Principles of Accreditation within two years following the Commission's initial action on the institution. At the end of that two-year period, if the institution does not comply with all the standards and requirements of the Principles, representatives from the institution may be required to appear before the
Commission, or one of its standing committees, to answer questions as to why the institution should not be removed from membership. If the Commission determines good cause at that time, the Commission may extend the period for coming into compliance for a minimum of six months and a maximum of two years and must place the institution on Probation. If the institution has been placed on Probation within the two-year period, extension of accreditation beyond the two-year period for good cause is dependent on the amount of time the institution has already been on Probation. An institution may be on Probation for not more than two years. If the Commission does not determine good cause or if the institution does not come into compliance within two years while on Probation, the institution must be removed from membership. (See enclosed Commission policy "Sanctions, Denial of Reaffirmation, and Removal from Membership.")

We appreciate your continued support of the activities of the Commission on Colleges. If you have questions, please contact the Commission staff member assigned to your institution.

Sincerely,

Belle S. Wheelan, Ph.D.
President

BSW:cp

Enclosures

cc: Dr. Rudolph S. Jackson
Institutions accredited by the Commission on Colleges are requested to submit various reports to an evaluation committee or to the Commission's Board of Trustees for review. Those reports include:

- Response Report to the Visiting Committee
- Monitoring Report or Referral Report

When submitting a report, an institution should follow the directions below, keeping in mind that the report will be reviewed by a number of readers, most of whom will be unfamiliar with the institution.

Information Pertaining to the Preparation of All Reports

Preparation of a Title Page

For any report requested, an institution should prepare a title page that includes the following:

1. Name of the institution
2. Address of the institution
3. Dates of the committee visit (not applicable for the Referral Report)
4. The kind of report submitted
5. Name, title, and contact numbers of person(s) preparing the report

Presentation of Reports

For any report requested, an institution should

1. For print copies, copy all documents front and back, double-space the copy, and use no less than an 11 point font. If the report requires binding beyond stapling, do not submit it in a three-ring binder. Ring binders are bulky and must be removed before mailing to the readers.

2. For electronic copies, copy the report and all attachments onto an electronic memory device (e.g., external hard-drive, DVD, CD, or flash/thumb drive). Provide the name of the person who can be contacted if the readers have problems accessing the information. Provide one print copy of the response without the attachments.

Each electronic memory device smaller than 4" by 4" should be submitted in a paper or plastic envelope not smaller than 4 x 4 inches and the envelope should be labeled with the name of the institution, the title of the report, and the list of document contents. The electronic memory device should be labeled with the name of the institution and the title of the report.

Each electronic memory device larger than 4" by 4" should be in a paper or plastic envelope and clearly labeled with the name of the institution, the title of the report, and the list of document contents. The electronic memory device should be labeled with the name of the institution and the title of the report.
exactly as it appeared in the visiting committee report; (2) provide a brief history of responses to the recommendation if more than a first response (to include an accurate summary of the original concerns of the visiting committee, a summary of each previous institutional response and an explanation of what had been requested by the Commission); (3) cite verbatim the current request of the Commission that is related to the recommendation (reference notification letter from the President of the Commission); and (4) prepare a response to the recommendation.

For a Referral Report, structure the response so that it addresses the concerns described in the letter from the Commission’s President in the order that they appeared. Tabs should separate each response to each standard cited.

For each standard cited, (1) restate the number of the Core Requirement, Comprehensive Standard, or Federal Requirement exactly as it appeared in the letter; (2) cite verbatim the current request of the Commission that is related to the standard cited (reference notification letter from the President of the Commission); and (3) prepare a response to the recommendation.

Due Date: The Monitoring Report and the Referral Report are due on the date specified in the Commission President's notification letter. Requests for extensions to the date must be made to the President of the Commission two weeks in advance of the original due date. (See Commission policy "Deadlines for Submitting Reports.")

Number of Copies: See the letter from the President of the Commission requesting the Report.

Edited and Revised for the Principles of Accreditation: December 2003
Updated: January 2007, January 2010, May 2010
SANCTIONS, DENIAL OF REAFFIRMATION, AND REMOVAL FROM MEMBERSHIP

- Policy Statement -

The Commission on Colleges requires that a member institution be in compliance with the Principles of Accreditation: Foundations for Quality Enhancement and its Core Requirements, comply with Commission policies and procedures, and provide information requested by the Commission in order to maintain membership and accreditation. When an institution fails to comply with these requirements within a maximum two-year monitoring period, the Commission may impose sanctions. Monitoring reports submitted during this period are not sanctions.

If the Commission determines that an institution's progress is insufficient during the two-year monitoring period but not significant enough to impose a sanction, the Commission will advise the institution that if progress or compliance is insufficient at the time of its next formal review by the Commission, the institution could be placed on sanction or removed from membership. (Institutions applying for membership with the Commission on Colleges should refer to the Commission policy "Accreditation Procedures for Applicant Institutions" for procedures concerning the denial or removal of candidacy, or the denial of initial membership.)

Failure to make adequate progress toward compliance at any time during the two-year period or failure to comply with the Principles at the conclusion of two years may result in Commission action to remove accreditation.

Sanctions

An institution found to be out of compliance with the Principles of Accreditation must correct the deficiencies or face the possibility of being placed on one of two sanctions: Warning or Probation, in order of degree of seriousness. These sanctions are not necessarily sequential, and the Commission may place an institution on either sanction without reviewing a visiting committee's report and with or without having previously requested a monitoring report, depending on the seriousness and extent of noncompliance. In certain circumstances, an institution may be removed from membership without having previously been placed on sanction.

During the two-year monitoring period, institutions may be placed on a sanction for six or twelve months, with a monitoring report required at the end of the period of the sanction. Institutional accreditation cannot be reaffirmed while the institution is on sanction. Denial of reaffirmation of accreditation and invocation of sanctions are not appealable actions. Actions invoking sanctions are publicly announced at the annual meeting of the College Delegations Assembly, published in the Communiqué of the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, and posted on the Commission’s Web page.

The characteristics of these sanctions include the following:
appeal which the institution might have as described in Commission policies. Act on placing an institution on Warning or Probation is not appealable.

In the cases of Warning, Probation, or loss of membership, both the chief executive officer and the chair of the institution's governing board will be informed in writing. (For public institutions that are part of a state system, the chief executive officer of the system will also receive a copy of the notification sent to the institution.) The Commission will include in its notification to the institution reasons for the imposition of sanction or for loss of membership.

An action to place an institution on Warning or Probation, to deny reaffirmation, or to remove an institution from membership, along with the reasons for the action, will be read during the annual meeting of the College Delegate Assembly, posted on the Commission's Web page, and recorded in the Communiqué of the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools. Actions which are appealable will be accompanied by a statement that Commission action will not take effect until the time period for filing an appeal has expired or until final action has been taken on the appeal. The Commission policy on disclosure is also applicable to these actions.

**Definition and Conditions for a Good Cause**

If an institution has not remedied deficiencies at the conclusion of its two-year maximum monitoring period, the Commission must (1) remove the institution from membership, or (2) continue accreditation for "good cause". If accreditation is extended for "good cause," the institution must also be placed on or continued on Probation.

An institution's accreditation can be extended for "good cause" if

1. the institution has demonstrated significant recent accomplishments in addressing non-compliance (e.g. the institution's cumulative operating deficit has been reduced significantly and its enrollment has increased significantly), and

2. the institution has documented that it has the "potential" to remedy all deficiencies within the extended period as defined by the Committee on Compliance and Reports; that is, that the institution provides evidence which makes it reasonable for the Commission to assume it will remedy all deficiencies within the extended time defined by the Committee on Compliance and Reports, and

3. the institution provides assurance to the Commission that it is not aware of any other reasons, other than those identified by the Commission on Colleges, why the institution could not be continued for "good cause."

The Commission may extend accreditation for "good cause" for a maximum of one year. At the conclusion of the period, the institution must appear before the Commission at a meeting on the record to provide evidence of good cause as to why its period forremedying deficiencies should be extended again for good cause. (Note: If the institution was placed on Probation during its two-year period following initial action on deficiencies, the institution must provide evidence for good cause if its accreditation is to be continued with the status of Probation.)

In all cases, the institution bears the burden of proof to provide evidence why the Commission should not remove it from membership.

Approved: Commission on Colleges, June 2003
Revised for the Principles of Accreditation, December 2003
Updated: July 2005