CONTACTS, INFORMATION & RESOURCES

This guide neither intends nor offers specific legal advice. Contents contained herein are intended for informational and educational use and believed to be valid as of the date of publication. Please consider consulting with your attorney or certified public accountant before you take action on legal or financial issues affecting you or your business.

ASU-SBDC: Funded in part through the State of Texas and a Cooperative Agreement with the U.S. Small Business Administration. Reasonable accommodations for persons with disabilities or limited English proficiency will be made if requested at least two weeks in advance. Contact ASU-SBDC at ASU Station #10910, San Angelo, Texas, 76909, 325-942-2098. Any opinions, findings and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this publication are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the U.S. Small Business Administration.
Dear business owner,

On behalf of ASU-Small Business Development Center (SBDC), I would like to officially welcome you and thank you for choosing us to be your guide on this journey of business ownership. The ASU SBDC’s mission is to foster small business success in the ten counties it serves with San Angelo as the hub of our service area.

If you are a new business to San Angelo, welcome! If you are a resident, thank you for your investment in our community. Your support has helped our city become what it is today, and it is vital to the success of our future. Small businesses are truly the backbone of our economy!

As a community, we are dedicated to supporting our local businesses. Whether you are a start-up or a large business, we are happy you’re here. We also understand that opening and running a business can be difficult and stressful. Therefore, our city has invested in resources that can guide you on this journey. We partner closely with economic development corporations such as the City of San Angelo Development Center, the San Angelo Chamber of Commerce, Concho Valley Workforce Development Board/Workforce Solutions, Howard College Workforce Training, Downtown San Angelo Inc., and other organizations. In coordination with each other, we strive to foster business growth, increase job opportunities, and create a vibrant business climate for San Angelo and the surrounding areas.

To help, we have created this comprehensive guide meant to assist you in your journey of starting a successful business and serve as a guide for the start-up process in San Angelo. The guide will help lead you through the development and permitting process, plus provide helpful information, contacts of all kinds including helpful economic development and business contacts. Throughout the guide, you will discover helpful resources, tools, and connections designed to grow your business, hire employees, and increase your sales.

We want your business to be successful. We look forward to partnering with you, continuing our city’s progress, and attracting San Angelo’s next generation of entrepreneurs.

Best regards,

Dave Erickson

Director, ASU Small Business Development Center
325-486-6574
David.erickson@angelo.edu
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MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

1. Establish a Legal Structure

Take sufficient time to study the type of business organization, which you are contemplating. There are advantages to each type. There are four main types of Legal Structure. See page four for additional details. An Assumed Name, or DBA, is required to be filed in every county in which you have a regular business presence. A DBA DOES NOT RESERVE A NAME AND OTHERS MAY EVENTUALLY USE THE SAME NAME. It is valid for up to ten (10) years and filed in person. Forms downloaded from the website listed below. An Assumed Name may also be required at the state level.

Tom Green County Clerk’s Office
124 W. Beauregard Avenue, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 659-3262 | www.co.tom-green.tx.us

2. Federal Tax ID Number (Internal Revenue Service) 1-800-829-4933

www.irs.gov
Filing: Employer ID #, Federal Tax ID #

File an “SS-4,” or Employer ID Number (EIN) Application Form if you pay wages to one or more employees. Sole proprietors with no employees can also use their SSN. Corporations, partnerships or non-profits must have EIN’s (ask for IRS Publication 583 and 1635). IRS registers Non-profit 501 (c) (3) organizations (Ask for forms 1023, 1024, 8718). Call 1-800-772-1213 for Social Security and Medicare information. Non-resident aliens must have a valid visa and SSN to transact business in the U.S.

Internal Revenue Service
Business Tax Questions: (800) 829-4933

Local IRS Office
33E. Twohig, Federal Building, San Angelo, Texas 76903 | (325) 653-0082

3. State Sales Tax Permit (Texas State Comptroller) 1-800-252-5555

Filing: Texas Sales Tax Permit (No Fee) www.window.state.tx.us/taxpermit/

Texas levies a 6.25% tax on sales of tangible personal property, some types of labor and services. A SALES TAX PERMIT is required of businesses selling, renting, leasing or providing taxable items or services. Inquire about the Resale Certificate for resellers and the Exemption Certificate.

Comptroller of Public Accounts (nearest office)
1 Village Drive, Suite 250
Abilene, Texas 79606-8248
(325) 695-4323 | www.window.state.tx.us
NO COST & CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS STARTUP ASSISTANCE

The Angelo State University’s Small Business Development Center (SBDC) advisors are experts in business startup issues. Besides the information provided in this guide and monthly business startup training seminars, experienced SBDC business advisors can provide free business startup assistance tailored to your specific business needs. These advisors have owned or managed their own businesses and helped many people successfully start their businesses. They have a vast array of resources and knowledge in order to assist with your startup. Contact us for a free and confidential appointment or visit our website below for the latest startup seminar schedule. You can also attend seminars and other training events provided by the SBDC’s training programs, both online and in person.

Angelo State University’s Small Business Development Center
Located in the Business Resource Center: 69 North Chadbourne Street, Suite 110
ASU Station #10910, San Angelo, Texas 76909-0910
325-942-2098 | www.sbdc.angelo.edu | sbdc@angelo.edu

REFERALS TO LOCAL SERVICE PROFESSIONALS

The SBDC can provide lists as a convenience on various professionals in San Angelo that can provide specific business startup, accounting, legal, commercial insurance, website, IT assistance, and more. The professionals on these lists can provide services for a fee to small business. The SBDC is not specifically recommending any service provider. The recipient of the list is responsible for the usefulness of any advice/assistance from a professional service provider they use. Please contact the SBDC for any of these referral lists. If you are a local professional service provider and wish to be put on a list, please contact Dave Erickson, SBDC Director at 325-486-6574.

FORMING YOUR BUSINESS

The first major item in establishing a business is deciding the legal form of organization. There are four basic types:

1) Sole proprietorship - is the most common type of small business. An individual is the sole owner of all assets. He/she bears all profits and losses himself and is personally liable for all debts and obligations of the business. Outside assets such as home, car, and personal bank account are subject to claims of business creditors.

2) Partnership - consists of two or more owners, with profits and losses shared equally or allocated according to a partnership agreement. Each partner is liable for business debts and obligations and each partner’s outside assets may be subject to claims of creditors unless limited by the partnership agreement. There are other forms of partnerships, such as Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) or Limited Partnership (LP) that you apply for at the state level through the Secretary of State.

3) Corporation - is a separate legal entity. Your attorney and/or CPA can evaluate the possibility of incorporating your business. A corporation has limited liability, but the corporate officers can
be personally liable. A corporation is formed when a transfer of either money or property, or both, takes place by prospective shareholders in exchange for capital stock in the corporation.

4) Limited Liability Company (LLC) - The Limited Liability Company (LLC) is the newest form of business legal structure. A hybrid entity allows owners the protection from personal liability provided to the corporate structure and the pass-through taxation of the partnership. The LLC does have some disadvantages. Because it is a new entity, laws regarding the LLC are still evolving and some issues regarding its operation remain unsettled. Taxed as a partnership, but taxed as a corporation in some states. When taxed as a partnership, business owners can lose some company-funded benefits.

Take sufficient time to study the type of business organization, which you are contemplating. There are advantages to each type. Your accountant and attorney become valuable assets when making a decision to form a business.

1) A major consideration upon establishing an organization is the tax consequence. The tax obligation for sole proprietorships and partnerships is the responsibility of the individual business owner(s) rather than the business. Profits or losses from the business are reported as personal income or loss on the owner’s personal income tax return.

2) In a corporation, taxes are levied on both the profits of the corporation and on the individual shareholders when they are distributed as dividends.

3) Another alternative to the usual corporate tax treatment is in the form of an IRS Subchapter S Corporation election. Certain enterprises qualifying for this status will not be taxed; rather, individual shareholders include profit or loss on their individual income tax returns.

If your business will be a corporation, limited partnership, limited liability company, or a limited liability partnership, the Secretary of State in Austin must give you authority to do business. It is recommended you consult an attorney for advice. You can also file your paperwork online for some of these entities at the Secretary of State’s website: SOSDirect
http://www.sos.state.tx.us/corp/sosda/index.shtml

Office of the Secretary of State Corporation Section
Post Office Box 13697 | Austin, Texas 78711-3697
(512) 463-5586
http://www.sos.state.tx.us/

New Filings Team
Phone – (512) 463-5583 | Fax – 512-463-5709
BUSINESS PLAN FOR STARTUP BUSINESSES

A business plan is a written document and well thought out vision of the idea you wish to carry out as a business. Think of the business plan as a "roadmap" for your new enterprise. See the SBDC website listed below to download a sample Business Plan and a Startup Costs checklist.

The following benefits can be found in your business plan:

✓ A plan that gives you a path to follow. A plan that can allow you a future. A guide to organize the results you desire.
✓ An effective way to communicate your goals and objectives to your banker, attorney, accountant, insurance and real estate agents in order to receive advice for your mortgage, capital, and other business needs.
✓ A communications tool to keep sales personnel, suppliers and others informed about your operation and goals.
✓ A developmental tool for personal growth as an owner or manager of your business. The business plan serves as a guide in assessing your business’s strengths and weaknesses. It will help you to identify opportunities for growth and be an aid in making sound decisions for your business.

The Angelo State University - Small Business Development Center invites you to attend one of its Business Plan seminars for more assistance on business plan development. (Please visit our website at www.sbdc.angelo.edu for more information.) In addition, one-on-one advising is provided free of charge in helping you develop your business plan. Please visit the website for the current training schedule.

FINANCING YOUR BUSINESS STARTUP

There are various ways of financing a business startup. Most startup businesses are financed with funds from one’s own resources in addition to funds from family and friends. These family and friends may be investors or they may loan money for your startup. Lenders such as banks may provide additional startup funds but they will require you to have the just mentioned funds or assets ready to be invested in the business in the form of equity. Very few if any businesses are started from grants, so be cautious about sending money to those promising grants to start a business. In addition, very few if any startup businesses receive 100% financing from a lender.

Once a business gets beyond the initial startup phase, angel investor groups may be interested in providing initial expansion funds. Lenders such as local banks can provide loans to expand a business beyond the initial startup phase.

The advisors at the SBDC are very knowledgeable in startup business financing. Contact the SBDC for a no-cost and confidential appointment to discuss financing your startup business. In addition, training seminars in business financing options are offered throughout the year. Also, you may download a Financing Options for Your Small Business Guide from the website www.sbdc.angelo.edu. It is a comprehensive guide to various loans programs and equity financing sources.
RECRUITMENT OF EMPLOYEES AND EMPLOYMENT INCENTIVES

Information regarding the recruitment of employees and workforce training incentives to small businesses may be obtained from:

**Workforce Solutions of the Concho Valley**
202 Henry O. Flipper Street, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 653-2321 | www.cvworkforce.org

**Concho Valley Workforce Development Board**
36 E. Twohig, Suite 805, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 655-2005 | www.cvworkforce.org

SAN ANGELO PERMITS & REGISTRATIONS

Some businesses will need to obtain a city registration or permit before commencing business. For instance, most contractors need to register with the city. There is **no general business license required** in San Angelo. The SBDC can discuss other types of businesses that may require a city permit or registration.

In most cases, businesses are required to have an inspection of the building they are going to occupy if extensive renovations have been made. Permits and inspections for changes of occupancy and general construction can be obtained through the City of San Angelo.

**Building Permit & Inspections**
52 West College Avenue, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 657-4420
http://www.cosatx.us/departments-services/building-permits-inspections
STATE LICENSES AND PERMITS

The state may require certain businesses to have other permits and licenses before commencing operations. Since the types of permits and licenses are numerous, please contact the following agency for additional information.

Office of the Governor
Economic Development & Tourism
Post Office Box 12428, Austin, Texas 78711-2428
(800) 843-5789 | http://gov.texas.gov/ecd

Some state entities that regulate businesses through the usage of additional licenses and permits include, but are not limited, to the following:

Food Service
Environmental Health Division - City of San Angelo
72 West College Avenue, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 657-4493 | http://www.cosatx.us/departements-services/health-services

Child Care providers and regulations
Texas Health and Human Services
622 South Oakes Street, Suite F, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(512) 460-8366 or (432) 334-5612 | http://www.hhs.texas.gov

Alcohol, Firearms
Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission
622 South Oakes Street, Suite P, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 659-7931 | http://www.tabc.state.tx.us

Irrigation & Hazardous Waste
Texas Commission on Environment Quality
622 South Oakes Street, Suite K, San Angelo, Texas 76903-7013
(325) 655-9479 | http://www.tceq.state.tx.us

Weight & Measurement Devices
Texas Department of Agriculture South Central
8918 Tesoro Dr., Suite 120, San Antonio TX 78217
Texas Regional Office (210) 820-0288 | Fax (888) 203-1235
https://texasagriculture.gov/

STATE SALES AND FRANCHISE TAXES
STATE SALES TAXES

The Texas State Comptroller’s Office is responsible for the administration and collection of all state sales taxes. If you are starting a business in Texas and are not sure if you are required to collect state sales tax, or you are uncertain about how much sales tax to collect, then the State Comptroller is the office to contact.

Any business in Texas, which sells taxable items or provides a taxable service in Texas or to customers in Texas, must have a sales tax permit. This permit is required to purchase items for resale without paying state sales tax. An application and more information obtained by contacting the local office of the State Comptroller or from visiting its website.

Texas State Comptroller’s Office (nearest office)

1 Village Drive, Suite 250
Abilene, Texas 79606-8248
(325) 695-4323 | www.window.state.tx.us

STATE FRANCHISE TAXES

The Texas State Comptroller’s Office is also responsible for the administration and collection of all state business franchise taxes (sometimes called the margins tax). If you are starting a business in Texas and are not sure if you are required to pay state franchise tax, then the State Comptroller is the office to contact. See their contact information above.

The franchise tax applies to partnerships (general, limited and limited liability), corporations, LLCs, business trusts, professional associations, business associations, joint ventures and other legal entities.
MARKET RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS

For a successful business, you need to ensure there is a market for the goods or services you plan to provide. Your desired customers are your target market. When choosing a location for your business and planning your advertising and marketing, always keep your target group in mind.

The SBDC conducts numerous marketing seminars throughout the year. In addition, the experienced SBDC advisors can assist with ideas on how you can go about researching your market, analyzing your target customers and decide how best to reach them through advertising and other marketing tools and ideas. The SBDC can also provide a list of marketing professionals the area. The SBDC has software that can be used in addition to SBDCNet resource below to assist you with market research and analysis.

SBDC NATIONAL INFORMATION CLEARINGHOUSE (SBDCNET)

When advisors with the Small Business Development Center need help with additional information, they can turn to a group of tech-savvy researchers working at the SBDC Network office.

Besides all kinds of business research, these researchers can produce industry financial benchmarking data, customized reports, market analysis, patent searches and demographic charts, and maps to aid counselors across the nation as they work with small businesses trying to start up or expand. It is all free for clients and accessed by advisors who work for the Small Business Development Center Network.

SBDCNet
501 West Cesar E. Chavez Boulevard, San Antonio, Texas 78207
www.sbdcnet.org

SAN ANGELO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

Membership with the San Angelo Chamber of Commerce can provide various marketing benefits through visibility, business leads, networking opportunities, business referrals, and initial free marketing and advertising opportunities and more.

San Angelo Chamber of Commerce
418 West Avenue B, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 655-4136 | www.sanangelo.org

LOCATION ASSISTANCE

BUSINESS INCUBATOR

San Angelo has its own business incubator called the Business Factory located downtown in the Business Resource Center facility on North Chadbourne Street. Under the umbrella of COSADC, The Business Factory is a partnership between the City of San Angelo Development Corporation (COSADC)
and the ASU Small Business Development Center (SBDC). Its goal is to help young firms grow and survive during the crucial startup period. Many businesses have graduated from the Business Factory and are still successful today.

Small business incubators provide administrative services and technical support under one roof and for a set price based on the leased square footage. Rent is ramped upwards over a 3-4 year period to allow the incubator client to become financially stable. At the end of the period, the client will graduate and have paid market rates for the last year of their lease.

In addition, the Business Factory has an advisory panel made up of local business owners, former incubator clients, business development officials, and financial experts that provide additional advice, connections, and encouragement to incubator clients. All this provides a supportive environment for small business to grow and thrive, which is the goal of business incubation.

The Business Factory - Business Incubator (call for a tour)

(Located in the Business Resource Center at 69 North Chadbourne Street, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 653-7197 COSADC or (325) 942-2098 SBDC | https://www.angelo.edu/businessfactory

COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE BROKERS

When looking for a location to start your business, consider contacting a commercial real estate broker who can help you locate a building to buy or lease. The SBDC can provide a list of commercial real estate professionals. In addition, the City of San Angelo Development Corporation, Downtown San Angelo, Inc., and the San Angelo Chamber of Commerce have knowledge of available commercial buildings in the community. Their contact information is provided at the end of this guide.

CITY OF SAN ANGELO DEVELOPMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE & CONSULTATIONS

The Development Review Committee (DRC) & Consultations provides an opportunity for prospective or current property owners, developers, engineers, architects, and others to meet with city staff involved with the development process and discuss questions related to a proposed project. This free service ensures that you know the necessary regulations, processes, challenges, and fees up front before you begin your project. The DRC staff members have many years of experience in development projects and can be a valuable asset as you move ahead. Multi-family, commercial, industrial and manufacturing projects involving new construction, significant additions, or new businesses strongly urged to request a DRC meeting before submitting any items to the City for approval. Contact the Planning and Development Services Department.

Consultation: The Consultation is an informal, non-binding meeting set up by the City of San Angelo, Development Services to provide useful information to applicants regarding the development or redevelopment of a particular property or area. It is not intended as a formal review of any plans or other documents; it is a preliminary review based on the discussion and information given during the meeting. These are useful before a person agrees to purchase or lease a property; learn the requirements before the investment to see if that location is the right spot for your business.
GOAL: Give the standard basics of the development process for the City of San Angelo and identify potential issues with the proposed development.

Development Committee Review: The Development Review Committee is a formal meeting set up by Development Services to provide useful information to applicants regarding the development or redevelopment of a particular property or area. The discussion will be a preliminary review focusing on finding solutions to issues. We dive deeper into the process to find a way to make the applicants requests work for the property and type of business in which they are proposing. These are useful after a person agrees to purchase or lease a property. The applicant has a developed Site Plan or Floor Plan and is ready to discuss solutions.

GOAL: Give the standard basics and solutions within the development process for the City of San Angelo and identify potential issues with the proposed development.

WHO ATTENDS: A representative from each of the following departments: Planning, Building Permits, Fire Prevention, and Engineering/Water Utilities Services. In addition, members of the following generally attend when appropriate: COSADC, City Real Estate, Health, Downtown San Angelo, Inc.; Small Business Development Center; Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO)

LOCATION/TIME: Consultations are held on Thursday mornings in the Development Services Building 2nd Floor Conference room located at 52 W. College. Deadline is the Friday of the previous week.

CONTACT: To schedule a Consultation or DRC please go to: http://www.cosatx.us/departments-services/development-services/development-review-committee, or call 325-657-4210 ext. 1183, or email, Development.Services@cosatx.us

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION OR REMODELING

The City of San Angelo Building Permits & Inspections regulates all building construction. If you are building a new building or remodeling an existing structure, you need to have your plans approved by this office. If your plans meet the building and fire code requirements, you will be issued a building permit to begin construction. As many as twenty different inspections may be required during the various phases of construction. These inspections will be scheduled by your contractor through Building Permits & Inspections. Upon completion of construction and final approval, you will be issued a certificate of occupancy.

CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY

If you are starting a business in an existing building, you will need a Certificate of Occupancy. Assuming that the business will comply with the zoning requirements, the certificate of occupancy is needed to show that the building meets the city’s code requirements. Utilities cannot be turned on until you receive the certificate. You can apply for the certificate of occupancy at Building Permits & Inspections. Representatives from the inspection and fire marshal's office will inspect the building to ensure that it complies with the appropriate codes. Building modifications may be required especially if your business represents a different type of land use than the previous occupant.
CHANGE OF OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS

1) Any new business placed in an existing building must check with Building Permits & Inspections to verify if a change of occupancy permit is required. If a change of use is found, a permit will be required.

2) To aid in this process it will help to have an accurate address of the building, a legal description, and information on what type of business was in the building prior to your proposed business.

3) The site will be reviewed to ensure that it meets zoning requirements for the new business. (i.e. paved parking)

4) Inspections will be made by Building Permits & Inspections, the Fire Prevention Division, and if applicable, the Environmental Health (Food Service) Division to ensure code compliance.

5) Once the inspections have been passed the utilities will be cleared and service can be obtained.

PLANNING AND ZONING INFORMATION

The City of San Angelo Planning Division assists with plats, right of way abandonments, encroachments, and site and development plans for all developments ranging from adding a carport to a building a home through developing new land into a subdivision or commercial project.

The City of San Angelo recommends that persons interested in opening a business within the city limits obtain a legal description of the proposed location and check with the City of San Angelo Planning Division to assure the location is appropriately zoned. Home-based businesses should also consult with the zoning office to confirm the proposed business is one that is permitted to be operated from a home.

Planning and Development Division
52 West College Avenue
San Angelo, TX 76903
325-657-4210
http://www.cosatx.us/depart
planning@cosatx.us
UTILITY COMPANIES

Following is a listing of the utility companies that a business might need to contact prior to opening their business in San Angelo:

Frontier
*Business Phone and fiber optic*

Atmos Energy
*Gas Company*
(800) 460-3030 | [www.AtmosEnergy.com](http://www.AtmosEnergy.com)

San Angelo Water Utilities
122 West 1st Street, San Angelo, Texas 76903

Texas Electric Choice
Post Office Box 1116, Austin, Texas 78767-1116

AEP-American Electric Power
1129 Gateway Dr. San Angelo, Texas 76905
(325) 481-3524 | [www.aep.com](http://www.aep.com)

Suddenlink
*Cable and digital phone and Internet*
4272 W Houston Harte, San Angelo, Texas 76901
(325) 655-8911 | [www.suddenlink.com](http://www.suddenlink.com)

Republic Services
*Waste Collection*
1422 Hughes Street, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 659-9000 | [https://www.republicservices.com](https://www.republicservices.com)

Texas Disposal Systems
*Waste Collection*
720 Buchanan Street, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 653-1133 | [https://www.texasdisposal.com/](https://www.texasdisposal.com/)

Conterra Networks
*Business High Speed Fiber optic Internet*
San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 262-4856 | [https://www.conterra.com](https://www.conterra.com)
EMPLOYEES

EMPLOYEE OR INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR?

It is important to understand the difference between hiring someone as an employee and contracting with them as an independent contractor. In most cases, the relationship is an employment relationship. Some small businesses have run into trouble with the IRS and the tax office of the Texas Workforce Commission in terms of monetary penalties and back taxes for miss-classifying workers as independent contractors when they should have been employees. Specific questions should be directed to the local IRS office or the tax office of the Texas Workforce Commission. Contact information is provided in this guide. See https://www.angelo.edu/community/small-business-development-center/business_tools.php to download an IRS 20 question test on proper classification.

The Department of Labor requires that certain posters are placed in employee viewing areas throughout the place of business. If you are not certain which posters are required of you please visit www.dol.gov. You can also find answers to your questions by visiting the DOL’s eLaws website and answering questions interactively. The eLaws Advisors are interactive e-tools that provide easy-to-understand information about a number of federal employment laws. Each Advisor simulates the interaction you might have with an employment law expert. It asks questions and provides answers based on responses given.

U.S. Department of Labor
33 East Twohig Avenue, Suite 104-B San Angelo, Texas 76903-6451
(325) 655-2791 | http://www.dol.gov/elaws/

WORKFORCE TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT

For workforce training, workforce training incentives, and other employment issues see:

Concho Valley Workforce Development Board/Workforce Solutions
36 E. Twohig, Suite 805, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 655-2005 | www.cvworkforce.org

For a handbook on Texas employment law and issues see Especially for Texas Employers. The online version can be seen at http://www.twc.state.tx.us/news/efte/tocmain.html

STATE UNEMPLOYMENT TAX

If your business has employees, you may be required to pay state unemployment taxes. The State Unemployment Tax Act (SUTA) describes state unemployment taxes imposed on employers. The majority of employers are responsible for paying federal and state employment taxes. In Texas, the entity that is in charge of administering the state unemployment program is the Texas Workforce Commission (TWC). Employers should register within 10 days of becoming liable for Texas Unemployment tax. To acquire a TWC account number, employers can register online at www.twc.state.tx.us or submit Form C-1, Texas Workforce Commission Status Report to establish an account number for a non-farm employer. (Form C-1FR enables the TWC to establish a new account.
number for a Farm or Ranch employer.) The account number assigned will be used on all state quarterly returns.

For state unemployment tax purposes, only the first $9,000 paid to an employee by an employer during a calendar year constitutes “taxable wages”. The experience rate for most new employers is 2.7%. An employer must file reports for all quarters even though no tax may be due if the employer has met the tax obligation for the employee for the calendar year. State unemployment tax must be submitted quarterly on Form C-3/C-4 and employers are required to file reports and pay taxes electronically.

Liability is established when several conditions have been met. (Visit the TWC website for a full listing.) Some of the criteria for determining if you are a liable employer include the following:

- An employing unit that pays $1,500 or more in total gross wages in a calendar quarter, or has at least one employee during 20 different weeks in a calendar year regardless of the wages. The employee does not have to be the same person for the 20 weeks. It is not relevant whether the employee is full time or part-time.
- An employing unit that paid cash wages of $1,000 or more in a calendar quarter for domestic services (work performed in a private home, etc.)

After six quarterly returns, a new tax rate will be computed for the employer. If the employer has had any claims filed against their account number, the employer’s tax rate may increase. If no claims have been filed against the account number, the employer's tax rate may remain constant or decrease. To determine if you are liable for state employment taxes or if you need help determining how your workers should be classified, contact the TWC by phone or go to www.twc.state.tx.us.

Additional information may be obtained from the Regional Tax Office of the Texas Workforce Commission. The Grand West Region has an office in San Angelo:

**Texas Workforce Commission Grand West Region Tax Office:**
4241 Southwest Boulevard, Suite 105, San Angelo, Texas 76904  

**WORKERS’ COMPENSATION**

Workers’ Compensation is not mandatory in Texas, but you should seriously consider carrying such a policy. Workers’ Compensation coverage is available through private insurance companies. The Texas Department of Insurance, which regulates all insurance rates, keeps a list of insurance companies qualified to write such policies. To get the best coverage and rates, check with local insurance agents. Contact the State of Texas Services Center for construction contracts and governmental entity exceptions.

**Texas Department of Insurance**
State of Texas Services Center  
622 S. Oakes, Suite M, San Angelo, TX 76903-7035  
1) A Form W-2 (Wage and Tax Statement) and Form W-3 (Transmittal of Income and Tax Statements) must be completed and filed on an annual basis. The employee copy of the completed Form W-2 should be furnished to each employee by January 31. The Social Security Administration encourages all employers to e-file. You must e-file if you are required to file 250 or more Forms W-2 or W-2c. If you are required to e-file but fail to do so, you may incur a penalty. The due date for e-filing 2019 W-2's with the SSA is January 31, 2020. To obtain e-file information, visit the SSA’s Employer W-2 Filing Instructions & Information website at www.socialsecurity.gov/employer.

If you are filing using paper forms, you must file the government copy (Copy A) of Form W-2 with Form W-3 by January 31st. You may owe a penalty for each W-2 that you file late. Send forms to the following address:

Social Security Administration
Direct Operations Center
Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania 18769-0001

2) If you paid $600 or more for fees, commissions or other forms of compensation to an individual who is not your employee for services performed in your trade or business, you must file a Form 1099-MISC (Miscellaneous Income). The recipient copy of Form 1099-MISC should be furnished to each payee by January 31. You are strongly encouraged to use Form W-9 (Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification) to request a payee’s taxpayer identification number and to certify all of the information is correct.

If you are filing using paper forms, you must file the government copy (Copy A) of Form 1099-MISC with a Form 1096 (Annual Summary and Transmittal of U.S. Information Returns) by the last day in February to the address below:

Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service
Austin, Texas 73301

To obtain any of the forms listed above, contact the Internal Revenue Service at (800) 829-4933 or www.irs.gov.

If you have employees, you must keep all employment tax records for at least four years after the date the tax becomes due or is paid, whichever is later. I-9 forms and additional employment verification information must be kept for three years from the date of hire or one year after termination, whichever is later.

MINIMUM WAGE REQUIREMENTS

The Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) establishes a minimum wage, overtime pay, recordkeeping, and child labor standards affecting full-time and part-time workers in the private sector and in Federal, State, and local governments. Covered nonexempt workers are entitled to a minimum wage of $7.25
per hour effective July 24, 2009. Overtime pay at a rate of not less than one and one-half times their regular rates of pay is required after 40 hours of work in a workweek.

Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA)
http://www.dol.gov/whd/index.htm
1-866-4-USWAGE | (1-866-487-9243)

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

All Texas employers are required to report certain information on all newly hired and rehired employees to a state directory.

Texas Employer New Hire Reporting
Operation Center
Post Office Box 149224, Austin, Texas 78714-9224
(888) TEX-HIRE (839-4437) | http://employer.oag.state.tx.us

SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER VERIFICATION

Employee social security numbers should be verified with the Social Security Administration to ensure they are valid. Names/SSN’s can be verified by phone at 1-800-772-6270 or online at www.ssa.gov/employer/ssnv.htm.

Verification of employment eligibility can also be determined by E-Verify. E-Verify is free, fast, and accurate. It electronically confirms an employee's Form I-9 information against government records. More information about this service can be found at: https://www.e-verify.gov/

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

Additionally, some of the following IRS publications may be of particular interest to the new businessperson. You can obtain these by calling the number above or by visiting the IRS web site at http://www.irs.gov

- Publication 583—Starting a Business & Keeping records
- Publication 334—Tax Guide for Small Businesses
- Publication 533—Self-Employment Tax
- Publication 15—Circular E, Employer’s Tax Guide

Internal Revenue Service business tax-related questions:

Internal Revenue Service
Business Tax Questions
(800) 829-4933

Local IRS Office
33 E. Twohig, Federal Building, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 653-0082
OTHER HELPFUL AGENCIES AND ORGANIZATIONS

Other business-oriented establishments and agencies that assist businesses in organizing the start-up of a new business. Some of the more common organizations listed below:

ASU Small Business Development Center
69 North Chadbourne Street, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 942-2098  |  www.sbdc.angelo.edu

Better Business Bureau
3134 Executive Drive, San Angelo, Texas 76904
(325) 949-2989  |  www.sanangelo.bbb.org

The Business Factory (Business Incubator)
69 North Chadbourne Street, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 653-7197  |  (325) 942-2098  |  www.angelo.edu/businessfactory

City of San Angelo Development Corporation
69 North Chadbourne Street, Suite 120, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 653-7197  |  www.cosatx.us/departments-services/economic-development

Concho Valley Workforce Development Board
36 E. Twohig, Suite 805, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 655-2005  |  www.cvworkforce.org

Downtown San Angelo, Inc.
24 West Concho Avenue, San Angelo, TX 76903
325-655-2345  |  www.downtownsanangelo.com

Howard College Workforce Training
West Texas Training Center
3501 North U.S Highway 67, San Angelo, Texas 76905
(325) 481-8300 HC Workforce Training  |  (325) 942-2800 WT Training Center

San Angelo Chamber of Commerce
418 West Avenue B, San Angelo, Texas 76903
(325) 655-4136  |  www.sanangelo.org

Tom Green County Appraisal District
2302 Pulliam Street, San Angelo, Texas 76905
(325) 658-5575  |  www.tomgreencad.com

Workforce Solutions of the Concho Valley
202 Henry O. Flipper Street, San Angelo, TX 76903-7008
(325) 653-2321  |  (800) 996-7589  |  http://www.cvworkforce.org/